Environmental Protection Agency

for costs incurred before December 11,

- (3) Use of credit. The State must first apply credit at the site at which it was earned. With the approval of EPA, the State may use excess credit earned at one site for its cost share at another site (See CERCLA section 104(c)(5)). Credits must be applied on a site-specific basis, and, therefore, may not be used to meet State cost share requirements for Core Program Cooperative Agreements. EPA will not reimburse excess credit.
- (4) Credit verification procedures. Expenditure submissions are subject to verification by audit or other financial review. EPA may conduct a technical review (including inspection) to verify that the claimed remedial action is consistent with CERCLA and the NCP (40 CFR part 300).
- (d) Excess cash cost share contributions/overmatch. The recipient may direct EPA to return the excess funds or to use the overmatch at one site to meet the cost share obligation at another site. The recipient may not use contributions in excess of the required cost share at one site to meet the cost share obligation for the Core Program cost share. Overmatch is not "credit" pursuant to paragraph (c)(3) of this section.
- (e) Cost sharing. The recipient must comply with the requirements regarding cost sharing described in 40 CFR 31.24. Finally, the recipient cannot use costs incurred under the Core Program to offset cost share requirements at a site.
- (f) Advance match. (1) A Cooperative Agreement for a site-specific response entered into after October 17, 1986, cannot authorize a State to contribute funds during remedial planning and then apply those contributions to the remedial action cost share (advance match).
- (2) A State may seek reimbursement for costs incurred under Cooperative Agreements which authorize advance match
- (3) Reimbursements are subject to the availability of appropriated funds.
- (4) If the State does not seek reimbursement, EPA will apply the advance match to off-set the State's required cost share for remedial action at the

site. The State may not use advance match for credit at any other site, nor may the State receive reimbursement until the conclusion of CERCLA-funded remedial response activities. Also, the State may not use advance match for credit against cost share obligations for Core Program Cooperative Agreements.

(5) Claims for advance match are subject to verification by audit.

§35.6290 Program income.

The recipient must comply with the requirements regarding program income described in 40 CFR 31.25. Recoveries of Federal cost share amounts are not program income, and whether such recoveries are received before or after expiration of the Cooperative Agreement, must be reimbursed promptly to EPA.

PERSONAL PROPERTY REQUIREMENTS
UNDER A COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT

§ 35.6300 General personal property acquisition and use requirements.

- (a) General. (1) Property may be acquired only when authorized in the Cooperative Agreement.
- (2) The recipient must acquire the property during the approved project period.
- (3) The recipient must:
- (i) Charge property costs by site, activity, and operable unit, as applicable;
- (ii) Document the use of the property by site, activity, and operable unit, as applicable; and
- (iii) Solicit and follow EPA's instructions on the disposal of any property purchased with CERCLA funds as specified in §§ 35.6340 and 35.6345.
- (b) Exception. The recipient is not required to charge property costs by site under a pre-remedial or Core Program Cooperative Agreement.

§35.6305 Obtaining supplies.

To obtain supplies, the recipient must agree to comply with the requirements in §§ 35.6300, 35.6315(b), 35.6325 through 35.6340, and 35.6350. Supplies obtained with Core Program funds must be for non-site-specific purposes. All purchases of supplies under the Core Program must comply with the requirements in §§ 35.6300, 35.6315(b),